Are You Prepared for COVID?

Being Prepared WHEN – Not IF An Employee Tests Positive

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COVID Wave 2

- ♦ Coast to coast spikes in the number of cases...
- Personal opinions are irrelevant!
 - Not about the virus itself....
 - Not about the government's response...
 - Not about your employee's reasonable or unreasonable fears...



Families First COVID Response Act

- ♦ The FFCRA went into effect on 4/1/2020
- ♦ Covers employers up to 500 employees.
- What it provides:

 - ⊕ Employee catches COVID
 - **⊗** Employee caring for close family member positive with COVID
 - ♦ Employee is required to quarantine or isolate
 - Employee needs to care for a child unable to attend school due to shutdowns.

Families First COVID Response Act



- - Up to 12 weeks of partially paid time (2/3 rate of pay).
 - ONLY usable for caring for children unable to attend school/daycare due to mandated shutdowns or class quarantines.
 - First two weeks are unpaid, but covered by COVID Sick Pay (still at 2/3 rate of pay)

Families First COVID Response Act

- How is this paid sick time funded?
 - ♦ Primarily through the 6.2% SSI payment made every payroll period.
 - If the SSI payment is not enough to account for COVID Sick Pay, it acts as a loan that carries over to the next pay period.
 - At quarter end, if there is a COVID balance owed to you, the 1.45% FICA/MEDI payment can be pulled on.

Pretty straight forward, right?

But Wait! There's More!

FFCRA – Common Variances

- ◆ Part Time Employees 80 hours modified by regularly schedule
- Performance Pay − The COVID sick pay rate may need to be calculated.
- ▼ FFCRA does NOT cover base 'fear' of possible exposure.
- IF jobs can be converted to remote, sick pay does not have to be paid unless employee is
 physically unable to perform job tasks.
- Expiration: As of right now, FFCRA is set to expire at the end of Dec.
 - ⊗ What will the next chapter hold?

Pre-Example Assumptions

- 1. You already have a COVID response policy in place.
- You actively want employees to get back to work as quickly as possible.
- 3. Daily operations already require standard precautions of masking, distancing, and sanitation.

Example 1:

- Employee wakes up feeling sick with possible COVID symptoms:
 - Suggested 48-hour 'Waiting Period' before testing to distinguish between COVID and Common Cold.
 - ⊗ Recovery from symptoms and/or negative test result = Return to work.
 - Positive results = Proceed accordingly with recommended quarantine period.
 - All time spent out of work due to symptoms and/or waiting for test results gets paid under FFCRA.

Example 2:

- ♦ Employee learns an individual they recently interacted with has tested policy.
 - ♦Investigation: Ask questions to learn how close of contact
 - ♦If Credible Exposure: Employee is quarantined and sent for testing.
 - ⊗If NOT Credible: Any response from quarantine anyway to return to work fully.

Example 3:

- Employee decides independently to get tested and only informs management after being quarantined awaiting test results
 - If there is no credible reason for the test, then standardly available PTO should be used until results are returned.
 - ♦ If negative, return to work.

EITHER WAY, DISCIPLINARY ACTION MAY BE WARRANTED DUE TO FAILING TO FOLLOW STATED COVID POLICY (assuming again that you have an official policy in place!)

Example 4:

- - Management Response: 'Get back to work!'



Example 5:

Me during the flu season



- Employee needs to care for a child or other housesharing individual who tested positive for COVID.
 - ⊗ Caring for someone infected by COVID qualifies for FFCRA Paid Sick Time.
 - Efforts should be taken to minimize direct exposure even in the
 - Technicians should stay isolated until a negative test result is provided.







